



**B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION – STATISTICS**

FOURTH SEMESTER – **APRIL 2019**

**16/17UST4MC01– TESTING OF HYPOTHESES**

Date: 03-04-2019  
Time: 09:00-12:00

Dept. No.

Max. : 100 Marks

**Part A**

**Answer ALL the Questions:**

**(10\*2=20)**

1. What is meant by Type-I error?
2. Define most powerful test.
3. Define two-tailed test with example.
4. Define standard error.
5. Explain degrees of freedom with examples.
6. What is composite hypothesis
7. What are the uses of Chi-square test?
8. Define run test.
9. Write any two disadvantages of non-parametric test.
10. Define sign test.

**Part B**

**Answer any FIVE questions:**

**(5\*8=40)**

11. Describe critical region and acceptance region.
12. A single observation is taken from  $f(x, \theta) = e^{-\theta x} \theta \geq 0; 0 < x < \infty$  to test  $H_0: \theta = 2$  against  $H_1: \theta = 1$ . Find the best critical region.
13. Mention the properties of likelihood ratio test
14. Derive the method of testing the significance of equality of two sample proportions
15. The score of 10 candidates performance after training are given below. Test whether the given training is effective

prior	84	48	36	37	54	69	83	96	90	65
after	90	58	56	49	62	81	84	86	84	75

16. Explain SPRT.
17. Two random samples of size 11 and 9 were taken from the two Normal populations and the corresponding S.D is 0.8 & 0.5. Test whether the population variance are equal against the alternative hypothesis is that are not equal at 10% level.
18. Explain the test for the hypothesis about population variance.

**Part –C**

**Answer any two questions**

**(2\*20=40)**

19. State and prove Neymann Pearson lemma

20. a) Obtain the most powerful test of size  $\alpha$  for testing  $H_0: \mu = \mu_0$  VS  $H_1: \mu = \mu_1$  in  $N(0, \sigma^2)$

b) Define

i. Uniformly most powerful test

ii. Likelihood ratio test

21. Construct the SPRT for the testing  $H_0: \mu = \mu_0$  against  $H_1: \mu = \mu_1$  ( $\mu_1 > \mu_0$ ) in sampling from normal population with mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\sigma^2$  (known) also obtain its OC function and ASN

22. a) Explain median test for the two samples

b) Explain Mannwhiteney U-TEST

★★★★★★